Neighbourhood Greenways – the missing piece of the active network puzzle



TRANSPORT PLANNING AND DESIGN

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NZ: So we're currently doing a lot of this...



What we're not doing yet is a lot of this...



What is a Neighbourhood Greenway?

- Lots of different names for them ->
- All part of a 'family friendly' walking/cycling network

The best cycle routes without having any cycleways...



- Neighbourhood Greenways
- Bicycle Boulevards
- Local Street Bikeways
- Quietways
- Bicycle Streets
- Fietsstraaten (NL)
- Fahrradstraßen (GER)
- Neighbor Ways
- Local Paths
- Quiet Streets
- Parkways
- EasyStreets, etc, etc...

Key Elements of Neighbourhood Greenways

- Lower speed limits along route (30-40km/h)
- Intersection controls that slow/divert traffic
- Facilities to assist crossing busy roads
- Comprehensive signage & markings



Where necessary, short lengths of pathway or cycle track to help "join the dots"



Low Speeds

Portland OR, US

 May need physical devices to slow down or restrict traffic (humps, islands)



Traffic Restrictions

 One-way entrances or exits but two-way bikes









Traffic Restrictions

cont'd









Pedestrian/Bike Bypasses at Intersections



ldeally aiming for <2000 vehs/day





Mid-block Ped'n/Bike Bypasses



Busy Road Crossings

 Restrict through-traffic as well as assist crossings



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Major Road Crossings cont'd







The "Greenway" Bit...



It's the little details...



Why use "Neighbourhood Greenways"?

- They provide advantages for people cycling and walking
- Can provide access for locals to a range of neighbourhood facilities (esp. across busy roads)
 e.g. shops, schools, parks, trpt stops/stations
- Much less impact on on-street parking
 - -Cycles share the traffic lanes
 - -Some kerb extensions may be needed
- Opportunity to add to property values

-Trade-off reductions in access?





Planning considerations for Greenways

- Generally cost much less than conventional cycleways
 Largely simple low-key treatments
- Work best in **grid** networks (= direct cycle routes)
 - -Motorists can use parallel routes
- Tend to provide benefits for all road users —esp. speed-reduction benefits
- "Green" aspects can help drainage mgmt e.g. plantings, swales, rain gardens

"It's like living in a cul-de-sac"





Useful Neighbourhood Greenway Resources

 NZTA Cycling Network Guidance <u>www.nzta.govt.nz/cng</u>

-Greenways section: http://bit.ly/NZTAgreenways

- TRB Neighbourhood Greenway workshop

 Washington DC, US Jan 2017
 <u>https://sites.google.com/view/ngworkshop2017/</u>
- "Local Path" Design Guide (Akld Trpt)
 Auckland-based design guide for NGs
 <u>http://bit.ly/localpath</u>



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Thank you!

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ANS WEZENBERG