How do we sell the Benefits of Lower Speeds?

2023 Australasian

Road Safety Conference

19-21 SEPTEMBER . CAIRNS, QLD + ONLINE

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Dr Glen Koorey



High Crast Area

> Director, ViaStrada Ltd, Christchurch Australasian Road Safety Conference, Cairns QLD, Sep 2023

My Hypothesis today...

We don't do a good job of explaining the benefits of lower speeds

- To politicians
- To the media
- To the general public

Corollary:



We could do a lot better...

Apparently lower speeds are everywhere in NZ...

And people are grumpy about them...

Roading leaders challenge potential new 80km/h state highway speed limit

5:27 pm on 13 January 2022 The 100km/h speed limit on Northland's state highway network could soon be cut to 80km/h - in the biggest main ro for almost 40 years.

> Whangārei Heads speed limit review causing controversy a month ahead of public consultation

Potential speed limit drop will cast Taranaki further adrift, says mayor

Mackenzie mayor Graham Smith says a 70kmh open road speed limit would be 'a bit ridiculous'

How fast is too fast? 'Keep it 100' campaigner takes on Waka Kotahi's Road to Zero Chris Hyde . 15:55, May 12 2022



"A lot of us already find 100kph slow": Geoff Upson and his dog George are the faces of an informal

The days of travelling 100kph on every stretch of major state highway are over. But Waka Kotahi NZ Transport Agency says many of those who oppose its lowering of speed limits are spreading a gospel of misunderstanding that verges on "misinformation". Can it slow them down? Chris Hyde reports. Waka Kotahi has the winding main roads of New Zealand in its

sights. It doesn't necessarily want them to be 100kph any more. It would rather be certain they're safe to drive

St Asaph St 30kmh proposal going forward despite lack of public support 1ael Hayward • 14:48, Dec 08 2018



A hearings panel has supported reducing St Asaph St's speed limit to 30kmh, despite largely negative feedback from the public.

A speed limit reduction on Christchurch's St Asaph St will be recommended to the council, despite public feedback largely opposing the idea.



Public Pressure leads to Political Pressure...

Public Service Watch: Is speed limit discontent an election issue?

Piers Fuller | September 12, 2023

How did we go from 85% of NZ highways being too fast to only targeting the "1% worst"? Govt abandons plan to cut speed limits on most state highways Mon, Mar 13



The Government has backed down on its plans to cut speed limits on state highways and says it will now only focus on 1% of the "most dangerous" roads.

Prime Minister Chris Hipkins announced the "significant narrowing" of the speed limit reduction programme at his Monday post-Cabinet media conference as part of his policy "reprioritisation" process that has seen swathes of policy priorities wiped out.

Why do people object to Lower Speeds?

- "It takes a lot longer to get somewhere"
- "More driver fatigue/frustration will result in more crashes"
- "People won't obey the new speed limits, so why bother?"
- Sounds like we have a "It doesn't improve safety en there"
- "You need to Sounds like the challenge... vers instead!"
 "I have to wat misinformation more, so I'll be more distracted"
- "It's just revenue gathering for the Police"
- "Modern cars are much better at handling speed"
- etc, etc...



"It's not speed that causes accidents, it's poor driving and poor roads"

Reality check:

- We're all human (and make mistakes & poor decisions)
 - It's not just "bad drivers"...



Even if road users followed **all** the road rules, fatalities would only fall by around **50%** and injuries by **30%**

- We could **never** afford (nor justify) to fix every road in NZ
 - In fact, very few of them...



We need Other People to understand the Actual Implications of their Speed Choices

- Remember this Aust/NZ Speed Advert?
 - Prof Ian Johnston, ex MUARC
 - Effect of 60 km/h vs 65 km/h approach speed
 - Impact speed 45m away: 5 km/h vs 32 km/h

People don't understand the exponential impacts of speed...



The faster you go the bigger the mess



Evidence is all very well and good, but...

- The number of NZ case studies is still relatively small
 - -Comprising a tiny fraction of the country's road network
 - Overall national statistics for DSIs have yet to be greatly affected by these implemented sites → contributing to *public scepticism*
- Individual road sections/areas implemented to date tend to have few crashes or were introduced only fairly recently
 - Despite showing good downward trends in casualty numbers, it is difficult to get *stat. significance* to these individual sites so far

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 Continuing resistance to introducing lower speeds on rural roads, despite their greater contribution to road deaths

Example: Lower Speed Limits in suburban Christchurch, NZ

- Recent Christchurch consultation (Jan-Apr 2023)
 - Comprehensive 30/40 km/h speed limits for many suburbs

Would we see crash/injury reductions in our **suburban** areas?

- B/A analysis of three previous suburban lower speed areas
 - Addington west (May 2018)
 - Sumner (Oct 2019)
 - Papanui west (Nov 2019)
- In each case, I compared with a nearby "control" area
 - Used these to estimate the "expected" numbers afterwards
 - Helped to account for any external effects too e.g. C19 lockdowns



Christchurch Suburban Case Studies: Addington west (30 May 2018)

Before period:

Jan 2013 – Apr 2018

After period:

• Jun 2018 – Dec 2022





"Expected after" based on what changes occurred in the control area

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Christchurch Suburban Case Studies:

Before period:

• Jan 2015 – Sep 2019

After period:

• Nov 2019 – Dec 2022





Christchurch Suburban Case Studies: Papanui west (4 Nov 2019)

Before period:

Jan 2013 – Oct 2019

After period:

• Dec 2019 – Dec 2022





Christchurch Suburbs: Some observations

- The crash/injury numbers for each area aren't big
 - -But *collectively* across all three it makes a notable difference...
 - -Biggest savings in *injuries* reduced (from less severe crashes)

Addington	Treated Site	Control Site	Total	Change in expected in	Change in expected injuries	
Before	8	1	9	% Reduction	-87.5%	
After	2	2	4	Chi-Sq value	2.359	
	10	3	13	p-value	0.125	
Sumner	Treated Site	Control Site	Total			
Before	8	7	15	% Reduction	-56.3%	
After	6	12	18	Chi-Sq value	1.340	
	14	19	33	p-value	0.247	
Papanui	Treated Site	Control Site	Total			
Before	6	10	16	% Reduction	-44.4%	
After	2	6	8	Chi-Sq value	0.375	
	8	16	24	p-value	0.540	
COMBINED	TREATED SITES	CONTROL SITES	TOTAL			
BEFORE	22	18	40	% Reduction	-59.1%	
AFTER	10	20	30	Chi-Sq value	3.243	
	32	38	70	p-value	0.072	

Possible ways forward A multi-targeted approach

- Start with the "low hanging fruit"
 - Locations where lower speed limits are already self-evident
 - Locations where communities are already asking for lower speeds
- Don't get hung up on strict compliance with new limits
 - Try posted limit changes first, then engineering where necessary
- Provide common material to pre-empt typical concerns
 - Waka Kotahi should take the lead on this (incl. TV adverts)
 - Local councils can customise to suit their local issues
 - More media about people who just made a mistake
- Highlight all the *non-safety* benefits too...





Swannanoa kids want prime

ninister to hear safety reques



Myths and minor
Myths and misconceptions about speed
and ar speed
he setting of speed limits on our roads can be an emotive issue but there is each
here are many myths and misconceptions about the speed at which we drive. Are are a few for you to consider:
are proposing to set new safe and appropriate research
2 ng ngonsing to ser now safé and apongprises speed limits for approximately 10% of Audiau 30 http://dx.made.and.enersections. water to use advantemately and data or nailes are unere done everything we can to nutely pair radio safer. This could imen Toda memores of this start with a councer speed time of a Could mean howing in go speed limit. There may be places after started limits could protected and the starter are have the ange the right speed limits.
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tning a vulnerable road user."
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s o rew klipmetres faster or slower doesn't make any differences o
(): if does. Speed is the difference between a correctable mistake and a fatal error. Even write look is silled or injured in a crash. Repartless of what a constraint is mistake and a fatal error. Even write look is

Possible ways forward Start with the 'Low Hanging Fruit'

Suburban/CBD shopping streets

- Residential traffic calmed areas
- School zones











Possible ways forward Countering the Rural Resistance

Judicial review mooted to prevent speed limit reduction on Napier-Taupō Rd •

- Highlight the success of the implemented sites in NZ so far
 - And the likely safety gains for the proposed areas
- Take "baby steps" (e.g. $100 \rightarrow 90 \rightarrow 80 \rightarrow 60$)
- Focus on the changes in *mean speeds*, not %complying
 - An observed speed reduction of some degree is a safety win...
- Find people who can speak to reduced stress of lower speeds
 Incl. Travellers and Adjacent residents
- Calculate the actual (not perceived) travel time increases



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Travel time example: SH75 Christchurch-Akaroa (80km)



Finally - Keep reminding people: Speed always affects the CONSEQUENCES



Thank You!



• Any Questions?

