World's Most Accessible City

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TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND PLANNING

Vision for Christchurch

- World's most accessible city
- Easy access for people walking, cycling, in wheelchairs, old and young, visitors & locals
- Outcompetes Auckland and Wellington with quicker travel times, more travel options
- Location of choice for businesses, residents
- Strong vibrant city centre; outcompetes malls



Jan Gehl's recs for central city

- A City for People Action Plan (CCC, 2010):
 - Increase pedestrian priority
 - Spoil the cyclists
 - Support public transport
 - Reduce impact of vehicles









Sustainable transport

- Walking and cycling
- Public transport
- Travel demand management
 - minimising car travel (other modes, car sharing, managing parking, etc)
 - minimising truck travel (other modes, local supplies, etc)
- Core part of sustainable planning and urban design















Sustainable transport good for urban design

- Integration of land use, transport and urban design
- Slow core in central city
- Residential base (30,000) to support retail and office
- Walking and cycling core components
- Viable suburbs and neighbourhood centres

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Sustainable urban design(ers)

• Not only:

- Architects and landscape architects
- Urban designers and planners
- But also:
 - Traffic engineers and transport planners
 - Surveyors
 - Health professionals
 - Developers
 - Politicians and the public







Road user hierarchy (UK)

- Plan and provide for:
 - Pedestrians
 - Cyclists
 - Public transport
 - Freight
 - Cars (last)





Permeability

- More pathways for pedestrians and cyclists than motor vehicles
- Gives competitive advantage for walking and cycling
- Examples:
 - laneways
 - contra-flow cycle lanes
 - road closures



1970s oil crisis reversed trend

Cycle trips as % of total trips



Zurich plans for pedestrians

- "Our goal is to reconquer public space for pedestrians, not to make it easy for drivers."
- "A person using a car takes up 115 cubic metres of urban space in Zurich while a pedestrian takes three."
- "So it's not really fair to everyone else if you take the car."

Zurich's chief traffic planner, Andy Fellmann



Copenhagen plans for cyclists

- Car owning, driving and parking expensive
- 37% of work and education trips by bike
- 55% of cyclists female
- Cycling done in all seasons





New York cycling facilities

- 1997 = 190 km cycle facilities
- 2006 = 670 km cycle facilities
- 2006 Mayor Bloomberg & Transportation Commissioner Janette Sadik-Khan
- 2009 = 1150 km cycle facilities
- Cycle boulevards, road space reallocation





London cycling revolution

Targets:

- 400% increase by 2026
- 5% of trips by bike

Boris Johnson,
Mayor of London;
leadership





Parking takes up excessive space

- Blue area is commercially productive
- Parking green (left) and brown (right) is a cost to all
- Parking utilisation typically low





CBD parking spaces/1000 employees

- Phoenix: 906
- Christchurch: 875
- Canberra: 842 (Australia's highest)
- Auckland: 703
- Wellington: 548
- New York: 60
- European average: 230

Newman and Kenworthy (1999) Sustainability and cities: Overcoming Automobile dependence

Copenhagen land use planning

- Developments quite dense (but mostly < 6 stories)
- Incorporates sustainable transport
- Focuses on "brownfield" developments
- Requires private and public bicycle parking





Carlsberg brewery site redevelopment

- 33 hectare site; 3 km to city centre
- Planning 5,000 residents and 3,000 jobs
- Retention of key historic buildings
- Sustainability key focus





Central city plans for 30,000 residents



Central city revitalisation









Opportunity to create model city

- Denmark, Netherlands started reversing cycling decline in 1970s, not knowing if they could succeed
- We know what to do and can/must act now
- "Share an Idea" supports sustainability
- Need technical and political leadership
- Collaborate!





Opportunity to recreate streets

- More pedestrian friendly
- More attractive trees and landscaping
- Places to sit and talk (private and public)
- Slower traffic speeds, less traffic, quieter













City-wide recommendations

- Restrict urban sprawl; support brownfield development
- Strong network of greenways and separated (car-free) cycle facilities
- Improve public transport
- Reduce traffic speeds

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- Limit new road capacity (use other modes; don't widen bridges across Waimakariri)
- Charge for commercial car parking

Central city recommendations

- Use road user hierarchy (peds first)
- Develop vibrant central city with slow core
- Convert at least Durham and Montreal to two-way and reduce operating speeds
- Medium density retail, commercial and residential; precincts (eg Arts Centre)
- New north/south lanes to break up long blocks
- Quality urban design

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