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#### **Bicycle Lanes at Roundabouts**

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TRANSPORT PLANNING AND DESIGN

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#### **Research team**



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researcher

**Client: Austroads** 



# Background

- Tony Barton presented in 2011 at Bike Futures on the 'two schools of thought'
  - -Cyclists take the lane at roundabouts, or
  - Bicycle lanes at roundabouts should provide separation

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- Austroads guidance allows for bicycle lanes
- Some jurisdictions do not favour bicycle lanes





#### Caveat

- There are some strongly held opinions within the profession
  - -for and against bicycle lanes
- When research does not directly measure crash rates, critics possibly unconvinced
  - Our research did not undertake before / after studies on crash rates
- More before / after research is needed of roundabouts that undergo change



## **Research brief**

- Objective evidence of the effectiveness of
  - on-road bicycle lanes
    - -Near roundabouts, and
    - -On roundabouts
- Support formation of Austroads policy and design guidance



 Aim is for this to be included in future revision of Austroads guides



## **Method**

- 1. Review literature and crash data
- 2. Identify measures of effectiveness
  - Which quantifiable items will inform research?

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- 3. Undertake fieldwork
- 4. Analyse data
- 5. Report on findings





## **Literature review**

#### Radial

- Minimises speed
- Maximises safety
- Used in continental Europe

#### **Tangential**

- Encourages speed
- Maximises efficiency
- Used by Englishspeaking nations





Fundamental difference in design philosophy

## **Crash analysis**



## Crash analysis cont'd

- Operating speeds and crash rates (for all users) are related
  - If we reduce speeds sufficiently, the discussion about cycle lanes would be moot
- Increasing roundabout size and speed = cyclists increasingly

struggle to cope





## Lateral tracking

- One of the measures of effectiveness
- 1183 measurements of cyclists proceeding straight ahead
  - How cyclists track through roundabouts varies hugely between sites (median distance 34%-78% at different roundabouts)
  - -Where bicycle lanes are present, only a minority use them (10%-42%)





## Lateral tracking – before / after

- Before / after study at one site shows significant change in lateral tracking:
  - -Truncation of bicycle lane from limit line
  - -10 m before
  - -20 m after





# Lateral tracking

- Truncation of bicycle lane from holding line
  - -before 10 m
  - –after 20 m

STRADA







# **Recommendation – geometry**

 Achieve equitable speeds between cyclists and motorists

(equitable = cyclists and drivers travelling at similar speeds)

- -Vertical deflection
- -Horizontal deflection
- Restrict visibility
- Consider radial
  design philosophy
  (Europe → lower speeds)





#### **Recommendation – lane sharing**

- Where equitable speeds are achieved, encourage lane sharing
  - -Shared lane markings
  - Advanced stop boxes
  - -Truncated bicycle lanes





## **Recommendation – no bicycle lanes**

- Avoid bicycle lanes at <u>low speed</u> roundabouts
  - Strong evidence that cycling to the left within roundabouts is detrimental to safety
  - Aim should be to achieve equitable speeds that enables lane sharing
  - Truncate cycle lanes on roundabout approaches (around 20 m behind hold line)





## **Recommendation – bike paths**

- Where equitable speeds cannot be achieved, consider bike paths
  - Need to provide good LOS even during peak traffic times
  - -Could be at grade or grade separation
  - Likely that some cyclists will still use circulating lanes, so design should allow for this





## **Recommendation – bicycle lanes (?)**

 Are there options at <u>higher speed</u> roundabouts?



- -Where off-road provision not viable
- -Where off-road provision has poor LOS
- Lane sharing not acceptable to many cyclists where speeds are high
- Use cycle lanes with 'reinforcement' (colour, audio-tactile lines, physical separators)

-Paucity of evidence for this (either pos or neg)



# **Most important learning**

- Negotiation speed is the crucial issue
  - -Increases safety for every roundabout user
- Radial (European) design philosophy is based on speed reduction
- When speeds are low, the question of bicycle lanes doesn't arise
  - -Lane sharing is possible





## **Project status**

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- Draft report has been out for stakeholder consultation
- Publication planned for 2013





# **Discussion & thank you**

- Questions please
- Thank you for listening
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